



Country sheet

**Chad**

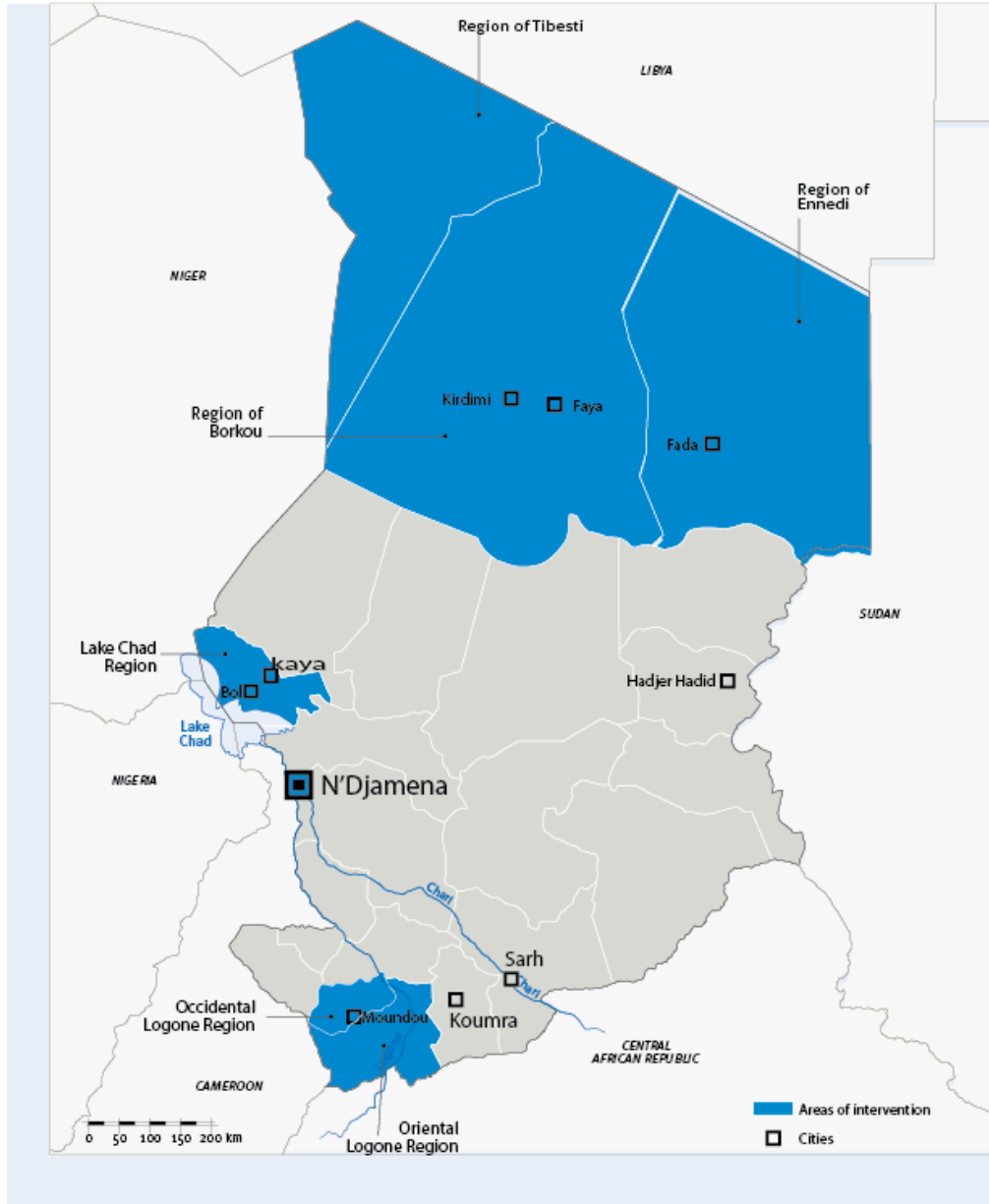




# HI's team and areas of intervention

In September 2022, there were 79 people on HI's team in Chad

Chad



Capitale and its province

Refugee camps of Kutupalong and Nayapara

Areas of intervention

Refugee camps

Cities



# General Country Data

## a. General data

With an HDI (Human Development Index)<sup>1</sup> of 0.398, Chad is ranked 187th out of 189 countries. Half of the country's 16 million or so inhabitants live below the poverty line, according to the World Bank. Given the correlation between poverty and disability, people with disabilities - including mine/ERW victims - are over-represented among the most vulnerable groups.

Country	Chad	CAR	Niger	France
Population	16,914,985	4,919,987	25,130,810	67,499,343
HDI	0.248	0.232	0.284	0.82
Gender development index	0,764090676	0,801420006284296	0,723746324681914	0,987152994137522
Maternal mortality	1389		715	4
GINI index	37.5		37.3	32.4
Population under UNHCR mandate	1,073,973	701,861	540,846	580,898
INFORM index	7.8	7.7	7.4	2.3
Fragile states index	105.7	108.1	95.2	30.9
Public social protection		1.40	20.60	100
Official development assistance received	707.05	753.84	1490.35	

## b. Humanitarian law instruments ratified by the country

Humanitarian law instruments	Status
International convention on the Rights of the Child	Ratified in 1990
Convention of the prohibition of anti-personnel	(1997)
African Charter on the rights and welfare of the child (1990)	Ratified in 2000

<sup>1</sup> UNPD, 2020



<a href="#">Optional protocol to the convention on the rights of the child on the involvement of children in armed conflict (2000)</a>	Ratified in 2002
<a href="#">Oslo Treaty against cluster munitions (2008)</a>	Ratified in 2013
<a href="#">The United Nations convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (2006)</a>	Ratified in 2019

### c. Geopolitical analysis

President Idriss Déby, who died on 20 April 2021, had dominated Chad’s political scene since his accession to power in 1990. With the country in deep economic recession since the drop in oil prices in 2014 and the 2016 presidential election, Déby’s death the day after the announcement of his fifth re-election plunged the country into a period of turmoil and uncertainty.

In the wake of the president’s death, a transitional government was put place headed by the late president’s son. On 20 August 2022, after several months of pre-dialogue in Doha (Qatar), the National Sovereign Inclusive Dialogue (DNIS) was launched, bringing together representatives of the government, civil society and political-military groups. The DNIS is intended to pave the way for democratic elections and return power to civilians who do not want to see members of the CMT (Military Transitional Council) stand for office. However, the Dialogue – which is being boycotted by influential opposition groups such as the Transformers, Wakit Tama and the *Front pour l’Alternance et la Concorde au Tchad* (FACT) - has already been suspended several times and is struggling to meet expectations. The next few months will be decisive for the future of the country.

Until now, as a member of the Sahel G5, Chad has been perceived internationally as a stable and powerful country thanks to its military interventions in the face of conflicts in neighbouring countries.

This landlocked Central African country is also affected by the consequences of climate change (increased rainfall, longer periods of aridity and drought) that are exacerbating desertification and drying up Lake Chad at a time when this province is already under pressure from the arrival of refugees from Niger and the frequent movements of internally displaced people.

Chad has experienced various humanitarian crises since 2003. These crises are linked to major population movements in border areas, notably refugees from Sudan in the east, refugees and returnees from the Central African Republic in the south, and more recently Nigerian refugees and internally displaced people in Lac province in the west of the country. In Lac province, instability is ongoing. In 2020, the government conducted a 3-week military operation. However, the violence has continued since 2021 (kidnappings, murders, robberies, arson, etc.) and could well escalate.

## Summary of HI’s work in the country

HI worked in Chad on several occasions between 1982 and 2000, mainly in the field of physical rehabilitation. In 2001, HI published the Landmine Impact Survey (national study on the socio-economic impact of mines/ERW in Chad), which is still a reference today. In 2010-2011, HI conducted a capacity-building programme in the demining sector that led to the definition of the



## National Action Plan for Victim Assistance.

HI's activities in Chad stabilised in 2014. The programme is now working in N'Djamena, in the Lake Chad region (Centre-West), in Logone Occidental and Logone Oriental (South), in Kanem and Barh El Gazel (North-West), as well as in the Borkou, Ennedi and Tibesti regions (BET) in the north of the country.

The main areas of intervention include:

- Mine action including non-technical and technical surveys, risk education, demining and decontamination;
- Assistance to victims of mines, explosive remnants of war (ERW) and improvised explosive devices (IEDs), people with disabilities and vulnerable people
- Physical and functional rehabilitation (physical therapy, orthopaedic fittings, technical aids), including the Stimulation Therapy approach for children with malnutrition aged 6 to 59 months
- Inclusive education and education in humanitarian emergencies
- Socio-economic integration of the most vulnerable households, notably through the development of income-generating activities and vocational training
- Conflict transformation, social cohesion and inclusive local development

HI launched the PRODECO project (implementing the comprehensive approach to mine action (CAMA) concept) in 2017, in consortium with Mine Advisory Group (MAG), Secours Catholique et Développement (SECADEV) and the Swiss Foundation for Mine Action (FSD). This project ended in 2022. With the ODYSSEE 2025 project (2019-2021), the programme pursued HI's innovation strategy, notably by using drones for faster and more effective mine clearance.

The INCLUJIPH (socio-economic inclusion/integration) project also ended in 2022 after four years of implementation. A new rehabilitation project, funded by GFFO, was launched in 2022, which will continue to support people with disabilities and rehabilitation structures in Chad. The activities of the PROSCOLAC (emergency protection and education in Lac province), Ngla-Ha (peacebuilding in the North), and ECW (accompanying children with disabilities through psychosocial support in Lac province and the South) projects continued in 2022.

New projects were also launched in 2022:

- Saha Wa Tarbia, a project to support social services in the north-west provinces of Chad. Funded by AFD, it will address the sectors of inclusive education, protection against violence and abuse, sexual and reproductive health, inclusion and empowerment of women and vulnerable people.
- The RIMSCASSA project, focusing on rehabilitation, inclusive humanitarian action, MHPSS and stimulation therapy (which is being implemented for the first time in Chad), funded by GFFO in Lac, N'Djamena and Moundou (South).
- A hygiene, sanitation and nutritional health promotion project, accompanied by the construction of latrines through community mobilisation in the B.E.T. region in the North (Borkou, Ennedi, Tibesti), funded by the GIZ.

HI's strategy for 2022-2024 is to further develop the Chad programme through a people-centred approach, aimed at improving the link between emergency responses and longer-term solutions so that communities affected by crises or shocks are more resilient and can live in peace. HI will continue to focus on its core activities: victim assistance, inclusion, mine action, physical and



functional rehabilitation and inclusive education in emergencies, while expanding its range of activities to meet needs and seeking innovative and sustainable solutions for the socio-economic development of Chad's most vulnerable populations.



# Overview of current projects

Sectors in which HI is running projects, with a focus on the beneficiaries and partners

Project title and main sectors of intervention	Main activities:	Beneficiaries at the end of the project	Partners	Location	Project start and end date	Donors funding the project
<p><b>Ngla-Ha</b></p> <p><b>Social &amp; Inclusion / Economic services</b></p> <p><b>Protection and risk reduction</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Creating inclusive local committees to define the priorities for their localities and ensure the follow-up of collective projects</li> <li>• Conducting participatory diagnoses to understand the communities’ needs and priorities</li> <li>• Implementing collective and inclusive community projects</li> <li>• Supporting groups through the creation of income-generating activities (IGA)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 120 members of local committees</li> <li>• 120 participants in the participatory diagnoses</li> <li>• 120 participants in the implementation of collective community projects</li> <li>• 80 groups or associations</li> <li>• 180 representatives of public services, security sector actors and local committees on mediation</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consortium with International Organisation for Migration (IOM)</li> <li>• Ministry for the Administration of the Territory and Autonomous Local Authorities</li> <li>• Ministry of Oil and Mines</li> <li>• Ministry of Foreign Affairs, African Integration and Chadians Abroad</li> <li>• Ministry of the Economy and</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Borkou province (Faya)</li> <li>• Province of Ennedi-Ouest (Ounianga Kébir and Gouro)</li> <li>• Province of Tibesti (Yebibou)</li> </ul>	<p>January 2021 - August 2023 (30 mois)</p>	<p>UNPBF (UN Peace Building Fund)</p>



			<p>Development Planning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• High Commission for Traditional Affairs</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Project ECW: accompanying children with disabilities through psychosocial support in Lac and Logone Oriental provinces</b></p> <p><b>Social &amp; Inclusion /</b> Education services</p> <p><b>Protection &amp; Risk reduction /</b> Protection against violence and abuse</p> <p><b>Health and Prevention /</b> Mental health and psychosocial support</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Awareness-raising and capacity-building of local authorities and communities on the rights of the child and access to education for children with disabilities</li> <li>• Psychosocial support and protection via the Safe School approach</li> <li>• Implementation of personalised educational support for children with disabilities</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 100 children</li> <li>• 200 children with disabilities</li> <li>• 600 teachers and community tutors</li> <li>• 100 trainers from the Ministry of National Education and Civic Promotion (MENPC)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consortium with APSELPA (Action pour la Protection, la Santé, l'Environnement et la Lutte contre la Pénurie Alimentaire - national NGO)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lac province (Fouli, Kaya et Mamdi)</li> <li>• Logone Oriental province, (la Nya Pendé, Monts de Lam and Kouh Ouest)</li> </ul>	<p>April 2021 – December 2022 (18 months)</p>	<p>Education Cannot Wait (ECW)</p>
<p><b>RIMSCASSA project: Rehabilitation; Inclusive Humanitarian Action; MHPSS and Stimulation Therapy for vulnerable groups in Sub-Saharan</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capacity-building, organisational and technical support for medical staff and rehabilitation services in hospitals</li> <li>• Provision of rehabilitation care, home follow-up and support to the families/tutors of people with disabilities</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 180 people with physical disabilities</li> <li>• 800 children with malnutrition</li> <li>• 800 parents of children with</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Centre d'Appareillage et de Réadaptation de Kabalaye (CARK)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• N'Djaména</li> <li>• Logone Occidentale (Moundou)</li> </ul>	<p>July 2022 – June 2024 (24 months)</p>	<p>German Ministry of Foreign Affairs</p>





<p><b>Africa affected by the crisis</b></p> <p><b>Rehabilitation Services /</b> Stimulation therapy Physical and functional rehabilitation</p> <p><b>Protection and risk reduction /</b> Inclusive humanitarian action</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Awareness-raising for nutritional health personnel and training for rehabilitation personnel in stimulation therapy for children with malnutrition</li> <li>• Individual stimulation sessions for children with malnutrition and their parents/tutors (in nutrition centres and health or rehabilitation centres)</li> <li>• Financial support to mothers of children with malnutrition to start/boost income generating activities to contribute to the prevention and treatment of malnutrition</li> <li>• Information and awareness-raising sessions for humanitarian actors and local authorities on the inclusion of people with disabilities in humanitarian actions</li> <li>• Technical assistance for revising programming tools and processes in order to include the relevant essential actions in the IASC (Inter-Agency Standing Committee) directives</li> </ul> <p>Activities to empower representatives of people with disabilities and their organisations to participate fully in the programming and coordination of the humanitarian response</p>	<p>malnutrition (including 200 parents benefitting from the social fund)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 50 medical personnel</li> <li>• 50 humanitarian actors and decentralised state services with at least 100 people with disabilities on their programmes</li> <li>• Indirectly: 10,000 people living in the areas targeted by the intervention</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maison Notre Dame de la Paix (MNDP)</li> <li>• Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF)</li> <li>• Concern Worldwide</li> <li>• International Rescue Committee (IRC)</li> <li>• Hôpital Notre Dame des Apôtres</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Logone Oriental (Goré)</li> <li>• Lac (Kaya and Fouli)</li> </ul>		
<p><b>Saha Wa Tarbia</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Strengthening access for everybody to quality inclusive education in a</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 92,575 women of child-bearing age</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Action Contre la Faim</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lac province (Wayi)</li> </ul>	<p>June 2022 - May2026 (48 months)</p>	<p>Agence Française de</p>







<p><b>Support to social services in Chad's north-western provinces</b></p> <p><b>Social &amp; Inclusion /</b> Education services Social services</p> <p><b>Health and Prevention</b></p> <p><b>Protection and risk reduction /</b> Gender and disability</p>	<p>protective and supportive environment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Improving equitable access to quality health care and services, including sexual and reproductive health rights and gender-based violence for children, adolescents, and women, including those with disabilities</li> <li>• Promoting the inclusion of vulnerable people, gender equality and the empowerment of women, teenage and young girls</li> <li>• Strengthening the capacity of decentralised education, health and social services to coordinate the development of quality education, health and protection services, ensuring equitable access to these services for young and teenage girls, women and other vulnerable people</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 84,768 children under 5</li> <li>• 210,062 young and teenage girls and adults to SRH services</li> <li>• 12,000 children and teenagers benefiting from learning spaces</li> <li>• 97,170 children and teenagers from 25 IPEP<sup>2</sup> benefiting from the improved quality of teaching</li> <li>• 500 teenage girls and women benefiting from community schemes</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Association de Développement Economique et Social du Lac (ADESOL)</li> <li>• Association des Femmes Juristes du Tchad (AFJT)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kanem province (Kanem Sud and Wadi Bissam)</li> <li>• Barh El Ghazel province – (BEG Sud et Michémiré)</li> </ul>		<p>Développement (AFD)</p>
<p><b>PROSCOLAC</b></p> <p><b>Social &amp; Inclusion /</b> Education services</p> <p><b>Protection and risk reduction /</b> Protection against violence and abuse</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Referral and school enrolment of children</li> <li>• Capacity building and support for teachers, Parent Associations (APE), Students' Mothers Associations (AME) and Community Protection Networks (RECOP)</li> <li>• Creation and training of a mobile team and its community relays in inclusive</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 12,000 children from indigenous and displaced communities</li> <li>• 1,107 adults (RECOP members, APE/AME members, teachers and educational inspectors, psychosocial workers)</li> </ul>	<p>Provincial Delegation of National Education and Civic Promotion (DPENC)</p>	<p>Lac province:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kaya department (Foukoulom, Malmari, Kousseri, Ngourtou Koumboua)</li> <li>• Fouli (Amma and Diamerom)</li> </ul>	<p>June 2021 – June 2024 (37 months)</p>	<p>ECHO</p>

<sup>2</sup> Primary Education Pedagogical Inspection Service



	<p>education, protection and psychosocial support</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identification, assessment and referral of vulnerable out-of-school children</li> <li>• Awareness-raising of communities and school head teachers</li> </ul>					
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## Donors

<p>UNPBF</p>  <p>United Nations Peacebuilding Peacebuilding Fund</p>	<p>Education Cannot Wait</p> 	<p>GFFO</p>  <p>german humanitarian assistance DEUTSCHE HUMANITÄRE HILFE</p>
<p>Agence Française de Développement (AFD)</p> 	<p>ECHO</p>	



		
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